

From S. F.:
Persia, Mch. 14
For S. F.:
China-Lurline, 18.
From Vancouver:
Zealandia, Mar. 26
For Vancouver:
Marama, Mar. 26

Honolulu Star-Bulletin

3:30
Edition

Evening Bulletin, Est. 1882, No. 5495.
Hawaiian Star, Vol. XX, No. 6536.

22 PAGES—HONOLULU, TERRITORY OF HAWAII, SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1913.—22 PAGES

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

TERRITORY PAYS FOR PROBE

So Says Senate, After a Hot
Fight Against Putting Ex-
pense Up to Hawaii
County

The first hot scrimmage of the session in the senate, came today just before noon, when the act to create a commission to investigate the affairs of Hawaii, and carrying an appropriation of \$20,000, came up for second reading before the committee of the whole.

There was a quantity of the dramatic in the situation, particularly at the last when Senator Lauka, presiding, cast the deciding ballot, which was a victory for the county of Hawaii. The fight did not begin until the next to the last section of the measure had been read, where it was recited that the county of Hawaii should pay the costs of the investigation. The opposition to this, led by Senator Metzger, insisted that the territorial government should bear the expense, as it was for the general good of the whole territory.

With tickets in their pockets to go to Hilo this afternoon, as guests of the town, the senators fought out where the onus of expense should fall, and in the end, due to the balance of power held by Lauka, Hilo and the county of Hawaii won.

Little Objection to Bill.
This was virtually the only objection offered to the bill. One or two points were raised by Senator Chillingworth, which were explained to his satisfaction by Senator Judd. The latter, before the reading began, made a brief statement as to the motive for the present investigation, and later when the twelfth section was reached, and the scrimmage began, he pointed out that as the county would reap the benefit from the investigation—have the misappropriated money refunded to it—in his judgment it should defray the expenses.

Income Tax Plan Deferred.
The act to increase the amount of income exempt from taxation received a check today, when Senator Brown asked that it go over two weeks, and intimated his hostility to it. He pointed out that the committee had been informed that it would mean a decrease of \$40,000 a year in the revenues, and that he wished further time to look into it.

Only one of the three house bills reported on by the judiciary committee this morning received favorable treatment in its hands. The other two were recommended to be tabled, which was done. One relates to divorce, the other to lawful age. H. B. No. 110 added an additional ground for divorce, which was the living separate and apart for three years.

"To enact the above bill into law," the committee stated, "would allow the desorter, the party in fault, to obtain a divorce, and the injured party would be aggrieved, and in case of a wife deprived of her right of support."

H. B. No. 80, the one favorably passed on by the committee, prohibits the employing of prisoners in the city and county jails. A slight verbal change was suggested as an amendment.

Child Labor Act Now Law.

The act introduced some time ago by Senator Cooke, to regulate the hours of employment of female children under the age of sixteen years, has been signed by the governor, and will take effect immediately. It provides that no minor child under the age of sixteen shall be permitted to work in any mercantile institution, office, laundry, or other such places between the hours of nine o'clock in the evening and six o'clock in the morning. It is made a misdemeanor to violate the act.

Several of the senators were not present this morning, and for a time it was feared there would not be a quorum. Senators Rice, Baldwin, Cooke and Baker were among those absent. They sent word, however, that they would meet the solons at the wharf, or at one of the stops on the way to Hilo.

KAIULANI ON REEF BUT DAMAGE SLIGHT

[Special Star-Bulletin Wireles]

HILLO, Hawaii, Mar. 15.—The steamer Kaiulani in leaving port struck a reef off Coconut Island and was hung up for over two hours, the coral holding her amidships until she was pulled off by the Keahou. The damage is slight. The accident is said to have been due to the deceptive glare on the water.

The supervisors today named Byron Baird assistant in the auditor's office.

SAFES

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HYPNOTISM CASE BRINGS COURT UNDER FIRE

Assistant District Attorney Se-
verely Criticizes Admission
of Testimony

JUDGE CLEMONS TAKES
OFFICIAL NOTICE OF IT

Says Course of Defense Mat-
ter to Be Decided by Jurors
Themselves

Personally I have no feeling upon this matter; professionally, however, I think the verdict was absurd. It was a compromise verdict forced upon the majority of the jury, as I am informed, by two immature youths, and it was founded upon a defense not recognized by law in any of the United States.

Signed: C. C. BITTING,
Assistant United States Attorney.

Matters reached an acute crisis in the U. S. District court this morning. The war cloud which has been gathering ever since the verdict of the jury Wednesday in the strange Lee Hin Jou murder case burst upon the court when Judge Clemons took the bench to pass sentence upon the Chinese boy whose defense, as presented by Lorin Andrews, created such a sensation because it was based upon the unusual plea that the assassin was hypnotized by the man he shot.

Before giving to Jui the maximum sentence allowed under the verdict of the jury—ten years imprisonment at hard labor, and costs—Judge Clemons opened the firework by delivering an explanation of his course in admitting the testimony of hypnotism to be seriously considered by the jury. Lorin Andrews then fell into line in an attempt to throw the hypnotism plea overboard, declaring that it was his information that the jury was influenced by the fact that the murdered man goaded Jui on to commit the deed and that Jui did the deed after a sudden quarrel and in the heat of passion. As a direct result of these happenings, Assistant U. S. District

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PROMOTION WORK TO BE SHOWN SENATE

At the regular meeting of the promotion committee held at 11 o'clock this morning, Secretary Wood presented to the members, for their approval, his answer to a communication from the senate committee on forestry, agriculture and promotion, asking for a complete statement with regard to the advancement of local promotion work.

The number of incoming tourists, the increase of tourist travel during the past two years, and other questions, eight in all, along these lines. The statistics compiled by Secretary Wood in his answer cover a period as far back as five years, and relating also to the increase of promotion work during the past year. The statement was approved by the members present, and several suggestions were made with regard to the hotel accommodations. One of the members stated that, instead of dealing with the hotel accommodations on Oahu alone, that it would be a good plan to include all the other islands as well.

Following a general discussion of Mr. Wood's statement to the senate committee, the regular business of the meeting was taken up. The secretary reported that, at the request of the members of the Chinese baseball team, he had made inquiries as to special rates for them on their tour to the coast next month. He called on Hackfeld & Company, and made arrangements whereby the members of the team will be given the regular rate covering theatrical talent, which is fifty-six dollars. This offer holds good for the Chinese, which is scheduled to sail for San Francisco April 16.

A communication from Zeno K. Myers, which was read at the meeting, was to the effect that he could no longer continue as a member and chairman of the promotion committee and asked that his resignation be accepted. He gave his reason as being that of urgent business which required all his attention. His resignation was accepted by the committee, and a vote of thanks tendered him for his long service in behalf of local promotion work. The matter of appointing a new chairman was taken up and the name of Fred Baldwin was proposed by Mr. Hemenway. It was voted to ask Mr. Baldwin to accept the chairmanship of the committee.

Another matter which was taken up at the meeting, but which was not thoroughly decided upon, was the idea of making a canvass of all the business houses of the city with a view to securing data concerning the increase in percentage of the tourist travel this year over last year. In



Insurance Men Line Up To Guard Sugar

Committee on Protection of In-
dustry Busy Organizing
Campaign

The insurance men are first on the firing line, other than the two commercial bodies conducting the campaign, to appear as a body.

At this morning's meeting of the Sugar Protection Committee, it was reported informally by J. P. Cooke that the board of underwriters will hold a meeting at 2 o'clock on Monday afternoon of all who are interested in insurance business, for the purpose of considering the letter crusade to be made by that interest.

Mr. F. L. Waldron brought up the matter of financing the campaign, and an understanding thereon was reached. Chairman Carter stated that all the arguments so far received had been classified under four headings. Various "shots" were read and passed upon. The chairman said that the wider the range of arguments the more likely it would be that some of them would prove effective. He strongly urged that more arguments be sent in.

It was decided that the organization sub-committee should hold a meeting at 4 o'clock each afternoon to hear the views of citizens taking an interest in the campaign.

Encouraging reports were made by the chairman and others of offers of cooperation, including one from a California lobbyist.

W. H. Babbitt, assistant director of the Sugar Planters' Labor Bureau sub-

SHOTS TO FIRE

In this territory the reduction of the price of raw sugar by the abolition or serious reduction of the duty means the difference between Profit and Loss. Many, possibly a majority, of the plantations, will be forced out of business, while a few will just manage to keep their heads above water. This means a serious reduction in the amount of labor employed, not only unskilled, but also skilled and semi-skilled, throughout the islands.

Plans for recording and filing letters, which were accepted.

After some discussion it was decided to issue bulletins of arguments accumulated from time to time, to be entitled "Broadside" and numbered. These will be furnished for the use of those desiring material for letters, also sent as follow-up literature to the addresses of the letters. "Broadside No. 1" will be issued next week.

A. L. C. Atkinson was called into the meeting and requested to take a special assignment of work, and after giving his views on the methods of campaigning he accepted the commission.

With George R. Carter, chairman, the members present were J. P. Cooke, E. A. Berndt, W. H. Babbitt, F. L. Waldron and Ed. Towse. The meeting adjourned till Monday at 11 o'clock.

MASSMEETING AT REPRESENTATIVES ASAHI BY THE JAPANESE

Determined to press upon the Japanese government the necessity for more latitude in the extension of passports to Japanese wishing to enter the United States, a mass meeting of Nipponese has been called for tomorrow evening at 7 o'clock in the Asahi theater.

What the movers of the meeting are after is to bring before the Tokyo authorities the advisability of the government making it easier for Japanese who have once been in the United States to re-enter this country after going home for a visit.

The editors of the four Japanese daily papers will probably be the principal speakers tomorrow night, and Fred Makina, editor and publisher of the Hoochi, is expected to preside. The papers are making a campaign on this subject.

Other words, a plan to find out just how much money is being spent in Honolulu yearly by the tourists. There were several suggestions offered on this plan, one being that it would be easier to ascertain this amount from the banks. There were objections to this, however, and it was decided to propose some other plan whereby this point could be gained.

HOLD SHORT SESSION

Although the house held a very short session this morning, adjourning at 10:30 a. m., until 9 o'clock next Tuesday morning, a number of interesting features were developed. Aside from the governor's veto message, which is published and discussed elsewhere in this issue, the representatives passed three measures on third reading, tabled another, and received the information from Territorial Secretary E. A. Mott-Smith that Governor had signed two more bills, which now become law.

The new measures approved by the chief executive are senate bill No. 47, regulating the hours of labor for children under sixteen years of age, which becomes Act 14 of the session laws of 1913, and house bill No. 29, fathered by Sheldon, relating to exemptions from jury duty. The latter becomes Act 15 of the new session laws.

The house passed H. B. 136, by Sheldon, which amends the revised laws relating to divorce, giving the First circuit judges concurrent jurisdiction in divorce cases in which one of the parties resides in the Kalawao district. It also passed senate bills No. 56 and 57, introduced by the senate judiciary committee, relating

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Next !

GOVERNOR FINDS KALAKIELA BILL IS FISHY

First Veto of Session Sustained
in House When Reasons
Are Made Plain

Governor Frear's first veto of the present legislature's action on any measure appeared shortly after 10 o'clock this morning, the chief executive sending back to the house its bill, introduced by Jack Kalakielia, prohibiting the sale of fish or other products from ponds used in raising and maintaining ducks and other fowls.

In his message the governor called attention to the objectionable features, and his objections were heartily sustained by the representatives, who voted unanimously to sustain the veto. Immediately thereafter the parent of the original bill introduced H. B. 103, covering the same subject and eliminating the flaws. This was read for the first time and under a suspension of the rules, placed on the order of the day for second reading next Tuesday.

The governor's first veto message to the 1913 legislature reads as follows: "I return herewith without my approval house bill No. 59, entitled 'An Act to Prohibit the Sale of Fish or Other Products from Ponds used in'

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DEMOCRATS SPLIT ON OFFICES

Recommendations of all kinds are flying back to Washington these days from Democrats of the territory, and already the clash in various wings and factions of the party has reached an acute stage.

The inner circles of the territorial central committee, admittedly made up of McDaniel men, are said to be violently opposed to C. D. Pringle, endorsed by a vote of 14 to 10 in the central committee for collector of customs. Although the committee action was cabied back to Washington, it is now said on good authority that the minority has sent word to John H. Wilson, the Hawaii committeeman who went to Washington, that the insiders want R. W. Cathcart. On other things there is also said to be a big split. The committee, it was learned yesterday, recommended L. Helbush for postmaster at Hilo, J. M. Bright, for Lahaina postmaster and T. B. Lyons for Wailuku postmaster. But the minority wants H. D. Corbett for the postmaster at Hilo and has sent on word to that effect.

The differences over the collectorships of customs and revenue have already become known, one faction wanting Paxon for the postoffice here and Ed Dulsenberg for the customs office, the other faction wanting the positions switched.

Meanwhile the county committee is said to have cabled to Washington that it does not endorse the position of the territorial committee at all. It wants Col. C. J. McCarthy for customs collector and other changes made.

AGUINALDO BOBBING UP TO SAVE THE FILIPINO

Ex-Insurrecto Chieftain Believes Study of Relations of Canada and Mother Country Will Show Way to Future of His Country and United States—May Visit Dominion Soon

[Associated Press Cable]
MANILA, P. I., March 15.—Emilio Aguinaldo is coming to the front again in Philippine affairs. The ex-insurrecto leader now proposes a visit to Canada and possibly other British colonies to study the relations of the Dominion with the mother country, believing that an investigation of this kind is the best solution for the problem of future independence for the Philippines.

Mexicans In Hot Battle

[Associated Press Cable]
NOGALES, Mex., March 15.—Informed by the American forces that if United States citizens were endangered there would be prompt reprisal, the Huerta leader Gen. Ojeda this morning abandoned his strong position in the entrenched town and took his men out into the open in a desperate attempt to cut through the besieging Constitutionalists. With five hundred men he braved the enemy, numbering a thousand, and the two forces are now battling desperately in the open. The danger to Americans is considered past for the present.

INFERIOR FORCE VICTORS; OTHERS RETREAT

[Associated Press Cable]
NACO, Mex., Mar. 15.—Late this afternoon Gen. Ojeda succeeded in winning a remarkable fight, the Constitutionalists fleeing. Losses on either side are unknown.

Olney Declines Big Post

[Associated Press Cable]
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 15.—Richard Olney, ex-Secretary of State, today furnished official and diplomatic circles with a surprise by declining to accept the premier foreign post, that of ambassador to Great Britain. Mr. Olney, in declining the commission, said that at his age he is unwilling to undertake the responsibilities of the office.

NORTH DAKOTAN NOMINATED FOR U. S. TREASURERSHIP

[Associated Press Cable]
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 15.—Ex-Governor John Burke of North Dakota has been nominated for treasurer of the United States.

Harriman "Unmerger" Fails

[Associated Press Cable]
ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 15.—Judge R. S. Lovett, president of the Harriman railroad system, announced today that the dissolution plan on which the company and the attorney-general's office have been at work for months has failed because of the opposition of the California state railroad commission. This commission declined to sanction that part of the plan relating to the disposition of certain parts of the system in California, and as a result Judge Lovett says the entire plan for dissolving the merger will fail.

Poker Barred From Baseball

[Associated Press Cable]
NEW YORK, N. Y., March 15.—Frank Chance, the new manager of the New York American league team, has issued an order to his men barring poker playing either at home or when the team is on the road. Manager Chance says that gambling among the members of the team leads to serious dissensions which imperil its success.

Hawthorne's Son To Jail

[Associated Press Cable]
NEW YORK, N. Y., March 15.—Convicted of knowingly permitting his name to be used to promote a fake mining scheme and of using the mails to defraud innocent investors, Julian Hawthorne, son of the famous American novelist, was today sentenced to one year in prison. Hawthorne, Joshua Quincy and other members of old and honored New England families aided in promoting mining schemes that proved to be rank fakes.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION URGED

Commissioner of Immigration
Is Strongly in Favor of
Liability Bill

Having spent more than fifteen years in the study of labor conditions both in this country and abroad, and being one of the best posted men in the territory on the movement of the employers' liability law throughout the world, Dr. Victor S. Clark, commissioner of the territorial immigration board, is expected to appear before the judiciary committee of the senate at its next public meeting to advise with them on the merits of the workmen's compensation bill now before that body.

Realizing that some opposition is being centered to fight the bill, Dr. Clark has marshaled a large amount of data, including statistics and statements from large firms brought under the compensation law, and armed with their weapons he is prepared to show that instead of such a statute becoming a hardship, it has been a beneficial boom to both employer and employee.

And to overcome the stronghold of the opposition, which was expressed at the public meeting, he is prepared to show that in place of the statute being embryonic, and in place of territorial industrial conditions being unfit for it at this time, it is needed here to a far greater extent than elsewhere, and that it has been tested under every condition and proved sound.

The crux of the opposition was lodged in these two points and from one angle and then another they were urged at the hearing on the compensation act.

Points Out Act's Merits.
"I can see no soundness to their

contentions," said Dr. Clark yesterday. "To my mind we are in far greater need of such a law than many of the other countries which have passed them. A consideration of the fact that here there are a great number of ignorant laborers, who are, or could be, virtually at the mercy of their employers is enough in itself to show the dire need of a liability act. "When an ignorant laborer is injured, he cannot be expected to set about to ascertain his legal rights. He cannot be expected to know what he who have been reared under more favorable conditions know. Naturally he is fearful of a lawsuit. He would rather forfeit his rights, if he knows workmen's compensation bill now before that body. "In my position here, I have met at various times injured workmen who have asked to be permitted to have their children take employment to support them, being unable themselves because of the injury. I know that there are many employers in the territory who are zealous in aiding men who have been injured while working for them, but I do know also where the converse condition exists. Not Clearly Understood. "The opposition against the bill which has asserted itself comes from a misconception of the act, I believe. I don't believe it is clearly understood where the burden of the statute falls. It does not touch the employer or the employee but in the end rests on the industry itself, and on one is any the worse for it, though many are benefited. "They say that the conditions are not ripe for it, that the people are not prepared for it. But is the intellectual standard of Spain, or Portugal any the better? In Spain the compensation act is even stronger than it

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